## Fractions and decimals

- Don't use a calculator on these questions
- Write your answers on separate paper and show some kind of method!

1) Find $\frac{1}{3}$ of 27
2) What is $\frac{2}{5}$ of 45 ?
3) Find $\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{2}$
4) What is $2 \frac{1}{2}+3 \frac{1}{4} ? \quad$ Hint: use the fraction wall
5) Calculate $7 \frac{3}{4}-4 \frac{1}{2}$
6) Work out $2 \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \frac{2}{3}$
7) Find $3 \frac{1}{7} \times 2 \frac{1}{2}$
8) A till receipt shows $£ 1.56,75$ p, £1.47, £15, 3p and 47p. What change should be given from a $£ 20$ note?
9) Find $12.45 \times 3.14$
10) Calculate $17.6 \div 0.25$
11) Work out $12.56 \div 1.5$
12) Someone is paid $£ 7.50$ per hour for 37.5 hours one week. How much is their gross pay for that week?
13) Estimate the result of $3.142 \times 4.5 \times 4.5$
14) Estimate an answer to the following calculation $\frac{\frac{3}{4} \times 12.5}{96.71-78.23}$

## Answers

- Marks shown as A1M1, total is 32 marks
- We are looking for sensible methods here, students who do not show any systematic methods should be gently challenged

1) 9

A1
2) $18\left(45 \div 5 \times 2\right.$ is what I'm expecting, $\left.\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{45}{1} \mathrm{OK}\right) \quad$ M1A1
3) $\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{2}=\frac{2}{6}+\frac{3}{6}=\frac{5}{6}$

M1 (if LCD seen) A1
4) $2 \frac{1}{2}+3 \frac{1}{4}=5+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{4}=5+\frac{2}{4}+\frac{1}{4}=5 \frac{3}{4}$

M1A1
5) I usually teach the 'everything top heavy' way of doing subtraction as borrowing causes distress. Any valid method gets marks.
$7 \frac{3}{4}-4 \frac{1}{2}=\frac{31}{4}-\frac{9}{2}=\frac{31}{4}-\frac{18}{4}=\frac{13}{4}=3 \frac{1}{4}$
M1 for top heavy or borrow, M1 for LCD, A1 Answer
6) $2 \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \frac{2}{3}=\frac{5}{2} \times \frac{17}{3}=\frac{85}{6}=14 \frac{1}{6}$

M2A1
7) $3 \frac{1}{7} \times 2 \frac{1}{2}=\frac{22}{7} \times \frac{5}{2}=\frac{11}{7} \times 5=\frac{55}{7}=7 \frac{6}{7}$ (can cancel at end) M2A1
8) $£ 0.72$ or 72 p but not $£ 0.72 \mathrm{p}$ ! M1A1
9) 39.093

M1A1
10) 70.4 M1 for x 100 A 1 for answer
11) $8.373^{r}$ M1 for $\mathrm{x} 10, \mathrm{M} 1$ for long div, A1 for answer
12) $£ 281.25$

M1A1
13) $3 \times 5 \times 5=75$ (or 80) Any sensible estimate M1A1
14) $\frac{\frac{3}{4} \times 12.5}{96.71-78.23} \approx\left[\frac{3}{4} \times 12 /(98-78)\right]=\frac{9}{20} \approx \frac{1}{2}$
any sensible estimate M 1 with correct use of Bodmas M1 and an answer A1

